Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 and Supplementary Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

Financial Statements
Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022
and Supplemental Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2023

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Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors Global Kids, Inc. New York, New York

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Global Kids, Inc. (the "Organization"), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncement

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the Organization has elected to change its method of accounting for leases in the year ended June 30, 2023 due to the adoption of ASC Topic 842, Leases. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the



underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material aspects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 28, 2024 on our consideration of the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BOO USA, P.C.

March 28, 2024

Statements of Financial Position

June 30,	2023	2022
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Grants and other receivables Prepaid expenses and other assets Security deposits Right of use assets, operating leases, net Property and equipment, net	\$ 1,011,562 3,320 3,213,038 201,998 3,563 8,566,504 244,201	\$ 521,023 13,320 4,293,752 879 55,743 - 26,497
Total Assets	\$ 13,244,186	\$ 4,911,214
Liabilities and Net Assets Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Deferred revenue Deferred rent Operating lease liabilities Total Liabilities	\$ 1,017,055 432,761 - 8,746,687 10,196,503	\$ 774,905 452,800 5,952 - 1,233,657
Commitments and Contingencies (Notes 2, 3, 6, 9 and 11)		-,
Net Assets Net assets without donor restrictions Net assets with donor restrictions Total Net Assets	2,979,363 68,320 3,047,683	2,929,818 747,739 3,677,557
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 13,244,186	\$ 4,911,214

Statements of Activities

Year ended June 30,	2023	2022
Changes in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions Revenue and other support without donor restrictions: Grants, contributions, and other income Training and technical assistance fees	\$ 8,370,603 235,992	\$ 6,518,236 136,828
Special events, net of direct expenses of \$93,433 and \$55,279 in 2023 and 2022, respectively Forgiveness of debt - Paycheck Protection Program Interest and dividends	139,793 - 6,296	38,564 892,735 169
	8,752,684	7,586,532
Net assets released from restriction: Satisfaction of program restrictions	704,419	187,581
Total Revenue and Other Support Without Donor Restrictions	9,457,103	7,774,113
Expenses: Program services: School Based Youth Development School Based Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act	5,966,040	4,918,147
(WIOA) - in School Youth School Based Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act	229,089	181,660
(WIOA) - Year 4 Leadership and Peer Education Global DC	- 1,101,530 313,301	5,649 217,610 350,360
Total Program Services	7,609,960	5,673,426
Supporting services: Management and administration Fundraising	1,129,896 667,702	1,003,251 332,342
Total Supporting Services	1,797,598	1,335,593
Total Expenses	9,407,558	7,009,019
Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions	49,545	765,094
Changes in Net Assets With Donor Restriction Grants and contributions Net assets released from restrictions	25,000 (704,419)	717,000 (187,581)
Change in Net Assets with Donor Restrictions	(679,419)	529,419
Change in Net Assets	(629,874)	1,294,513
Net Assets, beginning of year	3,677,557	2,383,044
Net Assets, end of year	\$ 3,047,683	\$ 3,677,557

Statement of Functional Expenses

Year ended June 30, 2023

		Program Services					Supportin	g Services	_	
	School Based Youth Developmen	School Based	Leadership and Pee Education	r		Total rograms Services	Management and Administration (M&A)	Fundraising		Total
Salaries and benefits	\$ 3,776,400	5 \$ 152,547	\$ 773,895	5 \$ 267,8	25 \$ 4	4,970,673	\$ 626,612	\$ 196,267	\$	5,793,552
Rent and occupancy	74,04	-	78,086	5 12,0	45	164,172	101,303	51,739		317,214
Printing	15,15	-	1,25	1	-	16,402	8,964	2,510		27,876
Travel	184,746	65	47,602	2 19,4	14	251,827	16,728	2,818		271,373
Postage	6,796	1,068	2,013	3	24	10,201	5,440	1,637		17,278
Food	215,112	2 6,122	30,484	4 2,9	46	254,664	1,531	2,093		258,288
Supplies	313,424		6,764			344,112	6,755	2,200		353,067
Consultants and professional fees	826,324	15,325	69,240) 6	00	911,489	220,005	396,386		1,527,880
Repairs and maintenance	16,728			-	-	16,728	795	-		17,523
Telephone and utilities	9,743	585	1,974	4 7	59	13,061	1,519	608		15,188
Equipment purchase and leases	123,81	96	6,706		39	131,452	22,932	827		155,211
Student stipend and incentives	51,617		39,082		25	94,524		310		96,034
Insurance	41,517	2,750	8,466	3,2	55	55,988	6,507	2,604		65,099
Depreciation	16,968	-	3,24			21,460		998		24,953
Miscellaneous	293,656	24,976	32,723	3 1,8	52	353,207	107,110	6,705		467,022
Total Expenses, before M&A allocation	5,966,040	229,089	1,101,530	313,3	01 7	7,609,960	1,129,896	667,702		9,407,558
M&A Allocation	895,065	22,569	165,259	9 47,0	03	1,129,896	(1,129,896)	-		
Total Expenses	\$ 6,861,105	5 \$ 251,658	\$ 1,266,789	9 \$ 360,3	04 \$ 8	3,739,856	\$ -	\$ 667,702	\$	9,407,558

Statement of Functional Expenses

Year ended June 30, 2022

				Progra	am Services				•	Supporting Services				<u>es</u>		
	School Based Youth Development	Sc	hool Based WIOA-ISY		hool Based 10A Year 4		Leadership and Peer Education	Global DC		Total Programs Services		agement and ministration (M&A)		Fundraising		Total_
Salaries and benefits	\$ 3,478,761	\$	155,715	\$	4,107	\$	138,974	\$ 291,054	\$	4,068,611	\$	304,174	\$	131,975	\$	4,504,760
Rent and occupancy	45,732		-		-	-	16,377	7,500		69,609		357,086		21,429		448,124
Printing	24,866		-		-		5,565	· -		30,431		10,647		· -		41,078
Travel	107,087		78		-		5,349	7,831		120,345		6,837		-		127,182
Postage	5,010		939		-		66	271		6,286		895		1,260		8,441
Food	127,168		3,429		-		4,736	5,508		140,841		4,420		162		145,423
Supplies	261,304		16,152		592		2,478	1,529		282,055		7,246		973		290,274
Consultants and professional fees	352,537		2,900		-		-	14,575		370,012		219,944		167,985		757,941
Repairs and maintenance	39,310		-		-		104	242		39,656		2,308		104		42,068
Telephone and utilities	20,018		440		-		758	1,768		22,984		1,515		758		25,257
Equipment purchase and leases	142,945		-		-		296	999		144,240		44,959		-		189,199
Student stipend and incentives	31,622		-		950		33,866	3,965		70,403		-		-		70,403
Insurance	46,350		1,500		-		1,772	4,135		53,757		3,544		1,772		59,073
Depreciation	6,973		-		-		258	603		7,834		517		258		8,609
Miscellaneous	228,464		507		-		7,011	10,380		246,362		39,159		5,666		291,187
Total Expenses, before M&A allocation	4,918,147		181,660		5,649		217,610	350,360		5,673,426		1,003,251		332,342		7,009,019
M&A Allocation	882,680		18,166		470		39,055	62,880		1,003,251		(1,003,251)		-		-
Total Expenses	\$ 5,800,827	\$	199,826	\$	6,119	\$	256,665	\$ 413,240	\$	6,676,677	\$	-	\$	332,342	\$	7,009,019

Statements of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30,	2023	2022
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Change in net assets Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$ (629,874)	\$ 1,294,513
Depreciation	24,953	8,609
Deferred rent	-	(71,429)
Forgiveness of Paycheck Protections Program loan	- 474 224	(892,735)
Non-cash lease expenses Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	174,231	-
Grants and other receivables	1,080,714	(1,891,117)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(201,119)	3,070
Security deposits	` 52,180 [′]	-
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	242,150	(13,512)
Deferred revenue	(20,039)	452,800
Net Cash Provided by (Used) in Operating Activities	723,196	(1,109,801)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Purchase of property and equipment	(242,657)	(17,189)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(242,657)	(17,189)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash	480,539	(1,126,990)
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash, beginning of year	534,343	1,661,333
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash, end of year	\$ 1,014,882	\$ 534,343
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 2,808	\$ 3,816
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,011,562	\$ 521,023
Restricted cash	3,320	13,320
Total	\$ 1,014,882	\$ 534,343
Non-cash transactions from operating activities		
Non-cash change in deferred rent - Upon adoption	\$ 5,952	\$ -
Operating lease assets obtained in exchange for operating	 ,	_
Lease liabilities - upon adoption	\$ 8,667,573	\$ -

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Organization

Global Kids, Inc. (the Organization) is a New York City (NYC)-based non-profit educational organization. Its mission is to educate, activate, and inspire youth from underserved communities to take action on critical issues facing our world. The Organization receives its support and income primarily from government grants, fees for service, and public contributions.

Through programs that promote academic achievement, good social emotional wellness, college and career preparation and global citizenship, the Organization empowers diverse youth from underserved areas and equips them with the knowledge and skills necessary for future success. Through involvement with the Organization, young people are exposed to a myriad of opportunities that develop their consciousness and agency to affect change in their own communities and the world. From service learning to international travel Global Kids youth participants' grow into global citizens prepared for the many opportunities that lie ahead. The Organization is active in over 20 New York City Department of Education Schools and engages students at over five schools in Washington, D.C. reaching over 10,000 students annually. Additionally, programming takes place five days a week and is free and open to all NYC youth during the school year and throughout the summer at the Organization's Manhattan headquarters as well as the headquarters in Washington, D.C.

The Organization has reached over 250,000 youth and educators through face-to-face programs, hosted over 10,000 participants in the Annual Youth Conference, and created digital content accessed by over 10 million people. The Organization sets students on the path to long-term success by ensuring they have the attention and resources needed to graduate high school and attend college. Since 2004, an average of 95% of enrollees have graduated from high school, 10% higher than the general NYC student population, with over 90 % matriculating to college. In 2020 and 2021, despite significant personal and social challenges, these rates were 100% and 85%, respectively. Further, the Organization's impact is demonstrated by alumni accomplishments; 25% of former participants have received a master's, PhD, J.D, M.D, or other higher degree, nearly double that of the national average; 84% saw their civic and community engagement increase due to the Organization's programming; 88% are registered to vote; 91% said the Organization helped them identify with the attitudes and values of a global citizen; and 93% agree that the Organization increased their leadership skills.

In the summer of 2005, the Organization launched the United States in the World initiative, a summer institute and peer education program developed and implemented in partnership with the Council on Foreign Relations, which has continued each summer. The Organization is currently the lead agency providing services at six NYC Department of Education Community Schools and six NYC Department of Community Development School's Out New York City (SONYC) middle school programs. In 2008, the Organization authored Teen Action, a widely hailed service-learning curriculum which is used at scores of after-school program sites across NYC. In addition to the programs described above, the Organization provides special training for educators and youth workers. These focus on youth development, interactive experiential teaching methods, service learning, games and learning, digital media creation for educational purposes, and techniques for infusing international issues and world cultures into programming for young people. Special training for students emphasizes leadership and communications skills, bias and violence prevention, and critical issues in international and domestic affairs.

Notes to Financial Statements

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

This classification of the Organization's net assets and its support, revenues, and expenses is based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. It requires that the amounts for each of the two classes of net assets—with donor restrictions or without donor restrictions—be displayed in a statement of financial position and that the amount of change in each of those classes of net assets be displayed in a statement of activities.

These classes are defined as follows:

Net Assets with Donor Restrictions - This class consists of contributions and other inflows of assets whose use is subject to donor-imposed restrictions that are more specific than broad limits reflecting the nature of the not-for-profit entity, the environment in which it operates, and the purposes specified in its articles of incorporation or bylaws or comparable documents. Donor-imposed restrictions may be temporary in nature, such as stipulating that resources may be used only after a specified date or limited to specific programs or services. Donor-restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets are reclassified from net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions in the statement of activities. Certain donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature. There were none for June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions - This class consists of contributions and other inflows of assets whose use is not subject to donor-imposed restrictions. This net asset category includes both contributions not subject to donor restrictions and exchange transactions.

Revenue Recognition

Transfers of cash or other assets or settlement of liabilities that are both voluntary and nonreciprocal are recognized as contributions. Reciprocal transfers in which each party receives and sacrifices goods or services with approximate commensurate value are recognized as exchange transactions.

Contributions may either be conditional or unconditional. A contribution is considered conditional when the donor imposes both a barrier and a right of return. Conditional contributions are recognized as revenue on the date all donor-imposed barriers are overcome or explicitly waived by the donor. Barriers may include specific and measurable outcomes, limitations on the performance of an activity, and other stipulations related to the contribution. A donor has a right of return of any assets transferred or a right of release of its obligation to transfer any assets in the event the Organization fails to overcome one or more barriers. Assets received before the barrier is overcome are accounted for as refundable advances.

Unconditional contributions may or may not be subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Donor-imposed restrictions limit the use of the donated assets, but are less specific than donor-imposed conditions.

Notes to Financial Statements

Unconditional contributions without donor restrictions are recognized as revenue or support in changes in net assets without donor restrictions when received or promised. Contributions subject to donor restrictions are recognized in changes in net assets with donor restrictions. When a purpose restriction is satisfied or when a time restriction expires, the contribution is reported as net assets released from restrictions and is recognized in changes in net assets without donor restrictions.

The Organization receives contributions and grants from the general public and governmental agencies. Government grants received are restricted for the specific purposes defined in each award. Contributions and grants are recorded when the Organization receives payment or acknowledgement of these revenues.

Fee for service revenue consists of contractual fees agreed upon by a customer and the Organization for a particular performance. Revenue is recognized when the performance obligation is fulfilled by the Organization.

The Organization records special events revenue in the period in which the event takes place.

The Organization applies Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), to exchange transactions such as fees for service and special events revenue related to customer contracts. Revenue is reported at the amount that reflects the consideration to which the Organization expects to be entitled in exchange for providing services. Revenue from exchange contracts is recorded at the transaction price, which is determined by the price prescribed in the contract. Special event and fees for service revenue are recognized at a point in time when the event and program, respectively, are held and service is provided.

Because the Organization's performance obligations relate to contracts with a duration of less than one year, the Organization elected to apply the optional exemption provided under Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 606. Therefore, it is not required to disclose the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied at the end of the reporting period.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Organization considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity date of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash consists of the Foundation 17 Scholarship Fund that was provided for the purpose of funding scholarships to selected needy college-bound students in the amount of approximately \$5,000 per student per year. This fund is held in a separate money market account and income generated thereof is to be used for the same intent as the fund. Restricted cash as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 was \$3,320 and \$13,320, respectively.

Grants and Other Receivables

Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected within one year are recorded at net realizable value. Conditional promises to give are not included as support until the conditions are substantially met.

Notes to Financial Statements

Grants and other receivables, which consist of fees for services, grants, and contributions, have been adjusted for all known uncollectible accounts. Management reviews the accounts receivable to determine if an allowance is necessary. The allowance is based on historical experience and management's analysis of the current status of amounts receivable. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, no allowance was necessary because the receivable balance was determined to be fully collectable. All grants and other receivables at June 30, 2023 and 2022 are due in less than one year.

Property and Equipment, Net

Property and equipment are stated at cost and are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. It is the Organization's policy to capitalize property and equipment expenditures in excess of \$5,000 on a per unit basis. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The costs of furniture and equipment that are reimbursed by government funding agencies are not capitalized in accordance with the reversionary interest terms in their respective agreements. Title to such assets remains in the name of the reimbursing agency.

Impairment

The Organization reviews long-lived assets to determine whether there has been any permanent impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If the sum of the expected future undiscounted cash flows is less than the carrying amount of the assets, the Organization recognizes an impairment loss. No impairment loss was recognized for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

Expenses that can be directly identified with the program or supporting service to which they relate are charged accordingly. Other expenses that are attributable to one or more programs or supporting services of the Organization include depreciation, insurance, rent, and utilities. Rent is allocated based on square footage. Depreciation, insurance, and utilities are allocated based on staff's time and efforts.

Management and administration expenses were allocated to the individual program services on the statements of functional expenses for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Special Events

The Organization conducts a gala and other annual events, which is a special event in which a portion of gross proceeds paid by the participants represents payments for direct costs of the benefits received by the participants at the event. Unless a verifiable, objective means exists to demonstrate the fair value, meals and entertainment provided at special events are measured at the actual cost to the Organization. All proceeds received in excess of the direct costs are recorded as special events support in the accompanying statements of activities. For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Organization reported special events support of \$139,793 and \$38,564, respectively, net of direct expenses of \$93,433 and \$55,279, respectively. The benefit to the donors and contributors of the events is typically limited to recognition during the gala event, listing in the gala program, and an opportunity to speak at the event. The costs associated with the benefits are nominal.

Notes to Financial Statements

Income Taxes

The Organization, as determined by the Internal Revenue Service, was granted tax exempt status under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) and has been held to be a publicly supported organization and not a private foundation under Section 509(a) of the IRC. Under the provision, the Organization is exempt from federal income taxes and is also exempt from New York State and New York City income taxes.

Under U.S. GAAP, an organization must recognize the tax benefit associate with tax positions taken for tax-return purposes when it is more likely than not that the position will not be sustained upon examination by a taxing authority. The Organization does not believe it has taken any material uncertain tax positions and, accordingly, it has not recorded any liability for unrecognized tax benefits. The Organization is subject to routine audits by a taxing authority. As of June 30, 2023, the Organization was not subject to any examination by a taxing authority.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncement

Lease Accounting

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Accounting for Leases*, which applies a right-of use (ROU) model that requires a lessee to record, for all leases with a lease term of more than 12 months, an assets representing its right to use the underlying asset and liability to make lease payments. For leases with a term of 12 months or less, a practical expedient is available whereby a lessee may elect, by class of underlying asset, not to recognize an ROU asset or lease liability. At inception, lessees must classify all leases as either finance or operating based on five criteria. Balance sheet recognition of finance and operating leases is similar, but the pattern of expense recognition in the income statement, as well as the effect on the statement of cash flows, differs depending on the lease classification. In addition, lessees and lessors are required to provide certain qualitative and quantitative disclosures to enable users of financial statements to assess the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The FASB also issued ASU 2020-05, which deferred the effective date for the Organization until annual periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The provisions of ASU 2016-02 were adopted by the Organization beginning July 1, 2022 following the modified retrospective method of application. See Note 11 for additional information on leases.

Notes to Financial Statements

Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

Financial Instruments - Credit Losses

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments. The new credit losses standard changes the impairment model for most financial assets and certain other instruments. For trade and other receivables, contract assets recognized as a result of applying ASC 606, loans and certain other instruments, entities will be required to use new forward looking "expected loss" model that generally will result in earlier recognition of credit losses than under today's incurred loss model. ASU 2016-13 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2022. The Organization is currently evaluating the impact of this ASU on its financial statements.

3. Liquidity Management and Availability of Resources

The Organization maintains a policy of structuring its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due. The Organization maintains, on average, \$250,000 in its checking account for general and recurring expenditures and obligations. The Organization also maintains a separate form of operational reserve with the objective of setting aside funds to be drawn upon in the event of a budget deficit or any financial distress. These reserved funds are held in lower-risk cash and money market funds. The current balance of this reserve is included in cash and cash equivalents on the statements of financial position.

The Organization's financial assets available within one year of the statement of financial position date for general expenditures are as follows:

Year ended June 30,	2023	2022
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Grants and other receivables	\$ 1,011,562 \$ 3,320 3,213,038	521,023 13,320 4,293,752
Total Financial Assets Available Within One Year	4,227,920	4,828,095
Less: amounts unavailable for general expenditures within one year due to:		
Restricted by donors with purpose restrictions	(68,320)	(747,739)
Cash restricted for scholarships	(3,320)	(13,320)
Total Financial Assets Available to Management for		
General Expenditures Within One Year	\$ 4,156,280 \$	4,067,036

In managing its liquidity needs, the Organization has a committed line of credit totaling \$1,000,000 (see Note 9), which it could draw down upon, if necessary.

4. Receivables

Receivables are summarized as follows:

Year ended June 30,	2023	2022		
Grants and contributions	\$ 3,213,038	\$	4,293,752	

Notes to Financial Statements

5. Property and Equipment, Net

Property and equipment consist of the following:

Year ended June 30,

	2023	2022	Estimated Useful Life (Years)
Furniture and equipment	\$ 72,863 \$	72,863	7
Leasehold improvements	245,166	2,509	Life of lease
Less: accumulated depreciation	318,029 (73,828)	75,372 (48,875)	
	\$ 244,201 \$	26,497	

Depreciation expense totaled \$24,953 and \$8,609 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

6. Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Organization to concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance limits. At various times during the year, the Organization may have cash deposits at financial institutions in excess of FDIC insurance limits. These financial institutions have strong credit ratings and management believes that credit risk related to these accounts is minimal. The Organization has not experienced any losses in such accounts and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk on its cash and cash equivalents accounts.

Approximately 88% of the Organization's receivables as of June 30, 2023 was derived from three grantors. Approximately 91% of the Organization's receivables as of June 30, 2022 was derived from three grantors.

Approximately 95% and 85% of the Organization's grants and contributions revenue for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, was derived from six and five grantors, respectively.

Approximately 98% and 81% of the Organization's training and technical assistance fees revenue for the year ended 2023 and 2022, respectively, was derived from two organizations.

3 vendors constituted 26% of the Organization's payables at June 30, 2023. Two vendors constituted 31% of the Organization's payables at June 30, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements

7. Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions are purpose restricted, and consist of the following balances:

Year ended June 30,	2023	2022
Purpose restricted: School Based Youth Development Leadership and Peer Education	\$ 25,000 43,320	\$ 34,419 713,320
Total Net Assets with Donor Restrictions	\$ 68,320	\$ 747,739

Net assets released from restrictions by satisfying the restricted purposes are as follows:

Year ended June 30,	2023	2022
Purpose restricted: School Based Youth Development Leadership and Peer Education	\$ 94,419 610,000	\$ 27,581 160,000
	\$ 704,419	\$ 187,581

8. Employees' Pension Plan

The Organization maintains a defined contribution 403(b) TDA plan for all employees. The Organization does not contribute to this plan. The participants can contribute up to the maximum annual limitation set forth in the IRC. There is no age or services requirement; all employees are eligible to contribute to this plan.

The Organization also maintains a defined contribution 403(b) DC plan for all eligible employees, as defined, which is funded entirely at the discretion of the Organization; participants are not allowed to contribute to the plan. All full-time employees aged 18 or older with one year of service are eligible to participate in the plan. For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Organization declared a discretionary contribution totaling \$66,578 and \$77,746, respectively.

9. Line of Credit

The Organization has a line of credit agreement with a financial institution to access a maximum of \$1,000,000, with interest at the bank's note rate, as defined in the line of credit agreement, which would provide short-term working capital. The line of credit is secured by the Organization's assets. The line was renewed in June 2023 at the same note rate (9.43% and 4.49% as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively), and expires in June 2024.

There was no outstanding balance on the line of credit at June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements

10. Paycheck Protection Program Loan Payable

On May 6, 2020, the Organization received loan proceeds in the amount of \$900,572 (the PPP Loan), under the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP). The PPP was established as part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (the CARES Act) which was enacted March 27, 2020. The PPP Loan was in the form of a promissory note, dated May 6, 2020, signed by the Organization, with an original maturity of May 6, 2022, and bore interest at a rate of 1.0% per annum.

On May 26, 2021, the Organization received notification from the Small Business Administration (SBA) that the Organization's forgiveness application of their first PPP Loan and accrued interest was approved in full, and the Organization has no further obligations related to their first PPP Loan. Accordingly, the Organization recorded forgiveness of debt of the first PPP loan totaling \$900,572 in the accompanying statements of activities for the year ended June 30, 2021.

On January 23, 2021, the Organization received a second round PPP Loan in the amount of \$892,735 (the second PPP loan), under the PPP. The second PPP Loan was in the form of a promissory note, dated January 23, 2021, signed by the Organization, with an original maturity of April 23, 2026, and bore interest at a rate of 1.0% per annum.

On December 7, 2021, the Organization received notification from the SBA that the Organization's forgiveness application of their second PPP Loan and accrued interest was approved in full, and the Organization has no further obligations related to their second PPP Loan. Accordingly, the Organization recorded forgiveness of debt of the first PPP loan totaling \$892,735 in the accompanying statements of activities for the year ended June 30, 2022.

The application for these funds requires the Organization to, in good faith, certify that the current economic uncertainty made the loan request necessary to support the ongoing operations of the Organization. This certification further requires the Organization to take into account its current business activity and its ability to access other sources of liquidity sufficient to support ongoing operations in a manner that is not significantly detrimental to the business. The receipt of these funds, and the forgiveness of the loan attendant to these funds, is dependent on the Organization having initially qualified for the loan and qualifying for the forgiveness of such loan based on its future adherence to the forgiveness criteria.

11. Commitments and Contingencies

Lease Commitments

Operating Leases

As disclosed in Note 2, beginning July 1, 2022 and following the modified retrospective method of application the Organization has adopted the provisions of ASC 842, *Leases*. For leases with initial terms of greater than one year (or initially, greater than one year remaining under the lease at the date of adoption of ASC 842), the Organization records the related right-of-use assets and liabilities at the present value of the remaining lease payments to the paid over the life of the related lease. Lease payments related to periods subject to renewal options are excluded from the amounts used to determine the present value of the remaining lease payments unless the Organization is reasonably certain to exercise the option to extend the lease. The lease require monthly payments of principal and interest at a rate of 3.64%. The present value of the lease payments is calculated by utilizing the discount rate stated in the lease, when readily determinable. For leases for which

Notes to Financial Statements

a discount rate us not readily available, the Organization has elected to use the risk-free rate plus a reasonable premium comparative for entities of similar risk. The Organization has made an accounting policy election not to separate lease components from non-lease components in contracts when determining its lease payments for all of its asset classes, as permitted by ASC 842. As such, the Organization accounts for the applicable non-lease components together with the related lease components when determining the right-of-use assets and liabilities. The Organization has made an accounting policy election not to record leases with an initial term of less than one year as right-of-use assets and liabilities in the statements of financial position.

Effective May 1, 2017, the Organization renewed its then existing lease agreement, and entered into a five-year non-cancelable lease for office space. The Organization was obligated through July 31, 2022 for monthly fixed rental payments of \$41,667, with a free rent period through January 31, 2018. On February 15, 2021, the Organization received rent credits from November 2020 through February 2021 aggregating \$33,333. The rent credits were not accounted for as a lease modification since they were provided to assist with the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and they did not result in a substantial increase in the rights of the lessor or the obligations of the lessee, as permitted by FASB. This lease expired and the Organization vacated the premises effective July 31, 2022.

On August 22, 2022 the Organization signed a lease for new office space in NYC. The lease is for 16 years and includes scheduled rent increases from \$49,554 per month in 2022 up to \$82,834 in the 16th year. In August 2022 the Organization deposited \$297,324 as security for the lease. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the security deposit was returned and a letter of credit in the same amount was established as security for the lease. The lease includes additional rent due for electrical charges and the Organization's share of real estate taxes in excess of the base year, defined as the year ended June 30, 2023.

The following tables summarize information related to the lease assets and liabilities:

Lease Costs		
Operating lease cost:		
Amortization of right-of-use assets	\$	101,069
Interest on lease liabilities	·	73,162
Total Lease Cost	\$	174,231
Voor anded June 20, 2022		
Year ended June 30, 2023		
Right-of-use assets and liabilities:		
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net of amortization	\$	8,566,504
Operating lease liabilities	\$	8,746,687
Weighted-average remaining lease term - operating leases (years)		15.50
Weighted-average discount rate - operating leases (%)		3.64

For operating leases, right-of-use assets are recorded in right-of-use assets, operating leases and lease liabilities are recorded in operating lease liabilities in the accompanying statements of financial position. The lease amortization expense and interest expense are recorded as a component of occupancy and facility costs within statements of functional expense.

Notes to Financial Statements

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments, including interest under the term of the leases, together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments, as of June 30, 2023:

Year ending June 30,		
2024	\$	467, 286
2025		410,152
2026		628,657
2027		644,373
Thereafter	_	9,681,578
Total Minimum Lease Payments		11,832,046
Less: amounts representing interest		(3,085,359)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$	8,746,687

The Organization also leases space in Washington, D.C. on a month-to-month basis at \$625 per month.

Rent expense was \$341,275 and \$448,124 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

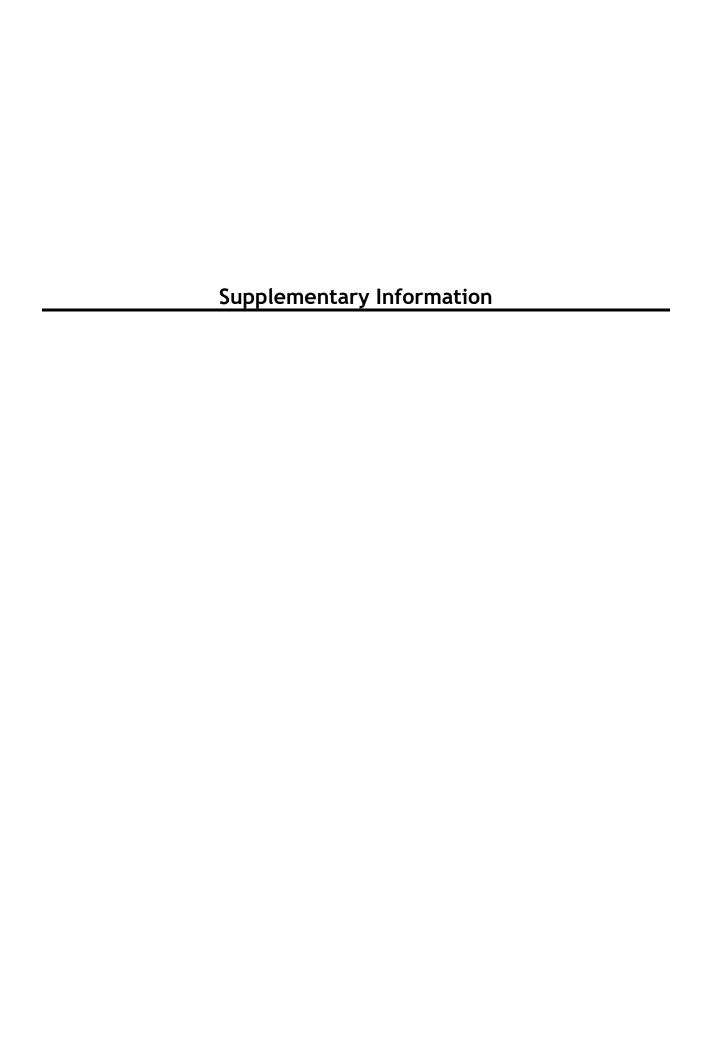
The Organization was obligated under a lease agreement for office equipment in NYC at \$3,379 per month through August 23, 2024. In May 2022, a flood in the office damaged the equipment. Subsequent to year end the Organization settled with the lessor on a payment of \$70,000 to purchase the equipment, which was damaged and no longer usable. The Organization's insurance company reimbursed \$50,000 of this cost.

Contingencies

Pursuant to the Organization's contractual relationships with certain funding sources, outside agencies have the right to examine the Organization's books and records which pertain to transactions relating to these contracts. The financial statements do not include a provision for possible disallowances and reimbursements. Management believes that actual additional disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

12. Subsequent Event

The Organization has evaluated events through March 28, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education Pass-through Office of New York State Education Department: 21st Century Community Learning Centers	84.287C	C403888	\$ -	\$ 627,565
Total U.S. Department of Education			-	627,565
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass-through from New York State Office of Children and Family Services:				
Child Care Stabilization Grant	93.575	A-14183	-	66,581
Child Care Stabilization Grant	93.575	A-14162	-	43,700
Child Care Stabilization Grant	93.575	A-14181	-	23,983
Child Care Stabilization Grant	93.575	A-14182	-	86,525
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			-	220,789
U.S. Department of Labor Pass-through New York City Department of Youth and Community Development: Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Youth Activities - ISY Learn and Earn	17.259	90335A	-	251,658
Total U.S. Department of Labor			-	251,658
U.S. Department of Treasury Pass-through Office of the Queens County District Attorney: Community Youth Development and Crime Prevention Program	21.016	CYDCPP0108		33,559
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			-	33,559
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ -	\$ 1,133,571

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Global Kids, Inc. (the Organization) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Organization, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the Organization.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

3. Indirect Costs

The Organization has elected to use the 2.6% indirect cost rate that is agreed to within the Organization's contract with the New York State Department of Education. The Organization has elected to use the 10% indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance for the remaining portion of the remaining programs.



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

The Board of Directors Global Kids, Inc. New York, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Global Kids, Inc. (the "Organization"), which comprise the Organization's statement of financial position as of June 30, 2023, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 28, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Organization's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Organization's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Organization's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BOO USA, P.C.

March 28, 2024



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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

The Board of Directors Global Kids, Inc. New York, New York

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Global Kids, Inc. (the "Organization") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Organization's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Organization's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Organization complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Organization's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Organization's federal programs.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Organization's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Organization's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Organization's compliance with the
 compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we
 considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Organization's internal control over compliance relevant
 to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances
 and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform
 Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Organization's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BOO USA, P.C.

March 28, 2024

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as of June 30, 2023

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements			
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP.	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	yesXno		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yesXnone reported	l	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yesXno		
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major federal programs:			
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	yesXno		
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yesXnone reported	l	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yesXno		
Identification of major federal programs:			
Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
17.259	Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Youth Activities - ISY Learn and Earn		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			
action II. Financial Statement Findings			

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

There were no findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported, in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards.

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no findings and questioned costs for federal awards (as defined in 2 CFR 200.516(a))that are required to be reported.